

He gave us the money generously: درست

درس دوم:

✓ زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی): عملی که در گذشته انجام شده و تا زمان حال ادامه دارد (در زمان حال اثر دارد، نتیجه اش هست). برای بیان تجربیات شخصی هم بکار میره. ساختار این جملات به صورت زیر می باشد:

I/ you/ they/ we + have+ قسمت سوم فعل	I have been to France/ I have seen that film before
He/ she/ it + has+ قسمت سوم فعل	he has had a bad accident/ she has been in this class for 2 months

✓ قید هایی که با جملات زمان حال کامل می آیند:

مبدا زمان Since	We have lived here since 10 years ago/ since 1950/ since April 12
طول زمان For	They have worked there for 10 years/ for 15minutes/ for a long time/ for ages
هیچوقت Never	She has never driven a car.
تا بحال Ever	He hasn't ever been to Africa/ have you ever traveled to Spain ?
هنوز Yet	He hasn't finished his job yet./ haven't you finish your homework yet?
هروقت، یکبار Once	Give me a call once you have reached home.
اخیرا Recently	They haven't been here recently

✓ اسم مصدر (gerund): با اضافه کردن Ing به فعل ساخته میشه. ۱- بعنوان فاعل می آید. ۲. بعنوان مفعول بعد از به سری فعل ها می آید (imagine-keep-finish-practice-give up-mind-enjoy-quit-dislike-avoid-love- suggest). ۳. بعد از حروف اضافه می آید (...without, toward, from, for, by, in, after, before). ۴. بعد از go و no هم می آید. (no smoking, no swimming, no parking) (fishing, go sailing, jogging, go running, go skating کننده ی فاعل (بعنوان متمم)

1. Learning English is easy/ walking makes me happy/
2. I finished typing the letter/
3. I am tired of washing the dishes/ she is interested in playing tennis/
4. Yesterday, we went biking/
5. Her favorite hobby is writing poem/ my favorite sport is hiking.
6. I stop to smoke/ I stop smoking.

✓ جدول پسوندها و پیشوندها:

پیشوند	پسوند های اسم ساز:	پسوند های صفت ساز:
Re : rewrite	-er : writer/ translator	-ful: careful/ powerful
Un: unimportant/ unsafe	-ist : scientist	-able: valuable/ countable
Im: impossible	Ness: happiness	-ous: dangerous/ famous
In: incorrect/ incomplete	-tion: creation/ relaxation	-less: harmless/homeless/careless
Dis: dislike/disagree	-ity: reality/ activity	-al: natural/ cultural
Mid: midterm/midday	-ment: developemen	-y: rainy/ healthy

(ly) پسوند قیدساز است و اگر آخر کلمه ای بیاد آن را تبدیل به قید میکند: slowly/ quickly/ properly

✓ فعل های دو بخشی:

Call back-	grow up-	look up-	wake up
check in-	look after-	turn off-	Go away
get up-	hang out	Hurry up-	Watch out